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Report from Nagasaki—Sanitary conditions—Examination of emigrants.

Acting Sanitary Inspector Thompson reports, July 17:

Week ended July 17. No quarantinable disease reported in this consular district.

Two Japanese aliens for San Francisco were examined and passed; 9 for Honolulu were examined, 8 passed; recommended for rejection on account of trachoma, 1.

MEXICO.

Report from the Superior Board of Health of Mexico—No yellow fever reported in Mexico for the week ended August 7.

In compliance with articles 1 and 2 of the International Sanitary Convention held at Washington, October 14, 1905, the president of the superior board of health of Mexico reports that for the week ended August 7 no case of nor death from yellow fever was registered in the Republic of Mexico and that prophylactic measures against the disease continue to be carried out.

Report from Coatzacoalcos—Inspection and fumigation of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Thompson reports, August 12:

Week ended August 11. Three vessels inspected; 1 vessel fumigated. No illness occurred on board and all were well at time of sailing.

Report from Manzanillo—Yellow fever at Colima.

The following information was received from the Department of State under date of August 21:

The American Consul at Manzanillo, Mexico, in a telegram dated August 19, reports yellow fever at Colima.^a

Reports from Progreso—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Yellow fever at Merida.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Harrison reports, August 7 and 14:

Week ended August 7.

Vessels dispatched	5
Vessels fumigated, included in above.....	2
Members of crews carried by vessels.....	253
Passengers from this port.....	12

Sanitary conditions showed no important changes.

Week ended August 13.

Vessels dispatched	5
Vessels fumigated.....	3
Members of crews.....	215
Passengers from Progreso.....	20

^a Colima is the capital of the State of Colima and is situated about 30 miles from the Pacific coast port of Manzanillo, and on the railroad.

Sanitary conditions remained unchanged; no quarantinable disease reported.

One case of yellow fever is reported in the lazaretto in Merida.

Report from Tampico—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stowe reports, August 12:

Week ended August 11.

Vessels inspected.....	4
Bills of health issued.....	4
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected.....	124
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	14
Vessels fumigated prior to sailing.....	0

Sanitary condition of port and surrounding country, good. No cases of quarantinable disease occurred during the week.

Reports from Veracruz—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Campaign against mosquitoes.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports, August 9:

Week ended August 8.

Bills of health issued.....	9
Vessels inspected.....	5
Vessels fumigated.....	4
Passengers inspected.....	118
Members of crews inspected.....	336

Sanitary condition of Veracruz and vicinity remains good, no contagious disease having been reported.

The sanitary authorities are making a vigorous campaign against mosquitoes. All standing water is oiled, and the inspection of houses, sewers, patios, etc., is very carefully conducted.

Smallpox outbreak in vicinity of Veracruz.

Doctor Carter further reports, August 12:

An outbreak of smallpox has occurred at Medellin, a small town 15 kilometers distant from Veracruz. The patients, 6 in number, were removed for treatment to the Veracruz lazaretto, where one died. Four are recovering and there has been 1 new case. The lazaretto is situated 2½ miles from the city, and the smallpox patients were not allowed to enter the city, but were taken directly to the lazaretto.

NETHERLANDS.

Precautions against the introduction of epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis.

The following information is received from the American legation at The Hague, through the Department of State, under date of August 10:

By royal decree of July 16, the laws in regard to precautions against contagious diseases and the prevention of infection from incoming vessels are extended to include epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis.